

Sujet A

$$\begin{cases} x+3y=6 & (L_1) \\ -2x+2y=11 & (L_2) \end{cases}$$

①

Isolons x dans (L_1) : $x = -3y + 6$.

$$\begin{cases} x = -3y + 6 \\ -2(-3y + 6) + 2y = 11 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -3y + 6 \\ 6y - 12 + 2y = 11 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -3y + 6 \\ 8y = 12 + 11 = 23 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -3y + 6 \\ y = \frac{23}{8} = 2,875 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = -3 \times \frac{23}{8} + 6 = -\frac{69}{8} + \frac{48}{8} = -\frac{21}{8} = -2,625 \\ y = \frac{23}{8} \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{J} = \left\{ \left(-\frac{21}{8}, \frac{23}{8} \right) \right\}$$

②

$$\begin{cases} 2x + 4y = 3 & (L_1) \\ 3x + 5y = 5 & (L_2) \end{cases}$$

Faisons: $3 \times (L_1)$ $\begin{cases} 6x + 12y = 9 & (L_1') \\ 2x(L_2) \end{cases}$ $\begin{cases} 6x + 10y = 10 & (L_2') \end{cases}$

Pos $(L_1') - (L_2')$ Contraste: $12y - 10y = 9 - 10$, $2y = -1$, $y = -\frac{1}{2} = -0,5$.

Par suite, avec (L_1) : $2x + 4y = 3$ s'écrit: $2x + 4(-0,5) = 3$

$$2x - 2 = 3$$

$$2x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{2} = 2,5$$

$$\mathcal{J} = \left\{ (2,5; -0,5) \right\}$$

Syst B

$$\textcircled{1} \begin{cases} 3x + y = 4 & (L_1) \\ -2x + y = 7 & (L_2) \end{cases} \quad \underline{\text{Isoler } y \text{ dans } (L_1)}: y = -3x + 4.$$

$$\begin{cases} y = -3x + 4 \\ -2x + 2(-3x + 4) = 7 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} -2x - 6x + 8 = 7 \\ y = -3x + 4 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} -8x = 7 - 8 = -1 \\ y = -3x + 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{-1}{-8} = \frac{1}{8} \\ y = -3x \frac{1}{8} + 4 = -\frac{3}{8} + 4 = -\frac{3}{8} + \frac{32}{8} = \frac{29}{8} \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{8}; \frac{29}{8} \right) \right\}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \begin{cases} 3x + 2y = 3 & (L_1) \\ 7x + 5y = 5 & (L_2) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Fais: } \begin{cases} 5 \times (L_1) \Rightarrow 15x + 10y = 15 & (L_1') \\ 2 \times (L_2) \Rightarrow 14x + 10y = 10 & (L_2') \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{\text{Puis:}} (L_1') - (L_2') \text{ conduit à: } 15x - 14x = 15 - 10, \text{ donc } x = 5.$$

$$\text{Par suite, avec } (L_1): 3x + 2y = 3 \text{ s'écrit: } \begin{aligned} 3 \times 5 + 2y &= 3 \\ 15 + 2y &= 3 \\ 2y &= 3 - 15 = -12 \\ y &= \frac{-12}{2} = -6. \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{S} = \left\{ (5; -6) \right\}$$